

## Ordinary Differential Equations

## Problem Sheet 1

1. Find the general solution of each of the differential equations given below.

(a)  $y'' - y = 0$

(b)  $y'' + y = 0$

(c)  $y'' + 8y' + 15y = 0$

(d)  $y'' + 6y' + 13y = 0$

(e)  $y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$

2. Find the general solution of each of the differential equations given below.

(a)  $y'' + 4y' - 12y = 14e^x$

(b)  $y'' + 4y' + 3y = 8\cos x - 6\sin x$

(c)  $y'' - 9y = 42e^{3x}$

3. Solve the following differential equations subject to the given boundary conditions.

(a)  $y'' + 4y' - 12y = 14e^x$ , subject to  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = -4$ .

(b)  $y'' + 4y' - 12y = 3$ , subject to  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y \rightarrow \text{constant as } x \rightarrow \infty$ .

4. Solve the system of equations given below for  $y(t)$  and  $z(t)$ .

$$y' + y - z = e^t, \quad -y + z' + z = e^t.$$

5. (a) Find the general solution of the ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 5x + 3.$$

(b) Find the solution of the ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dt} + 9y = 32e^t + 9,$$

which satisfies the initial conditions  $y(0) = 0$   $y'(0) = 1$ .

6. The functions  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$  satisfy the system of ordinary differential equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + x + y = 0, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} + 3x - y = \sin t.$$

By eliminating  $\frac{dy}{dt}$  and then  $y$  show that  $x(t)$  satisfies the ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 4x = -\sin t.$$

Hence find the general solutions for  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$ .

7. Find the general solution of each of the differential equations given below.

(a)  $y'' + y' - 2y = xe^{2x}$

(b)  $y'' + y' - 2y = x^2e^{2x}$